

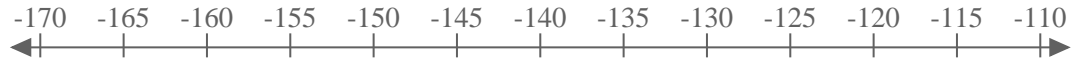


Usa la linea numerata per esprimere le disuguaglianze.

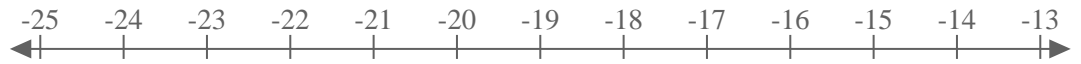
Es)  $X > 3$



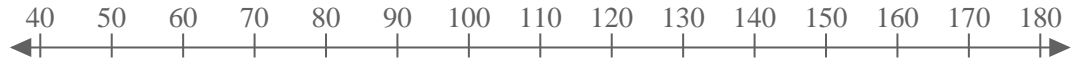
1)  $X \leq -140$



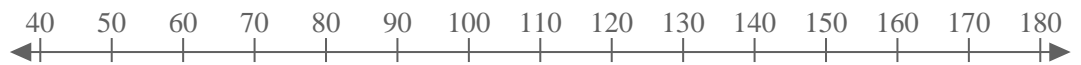
2)  $X \leq -18$



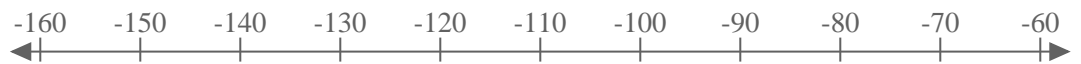
3)  $X \geq 110$



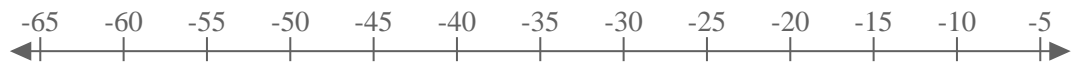
4)  $X < 110$



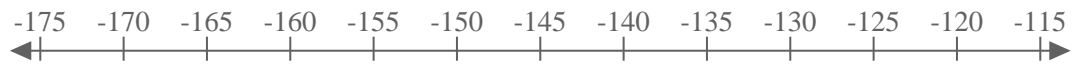
5)  $X > -110$



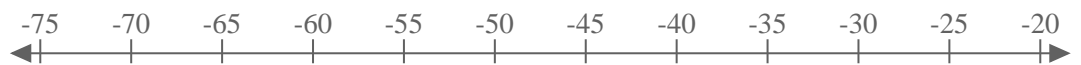
6)  $X < -35$



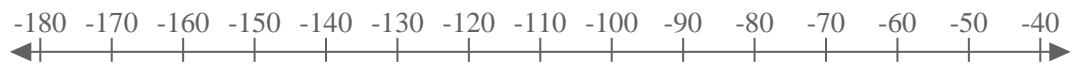
7)  $X < -140$



8)  $X < -45$



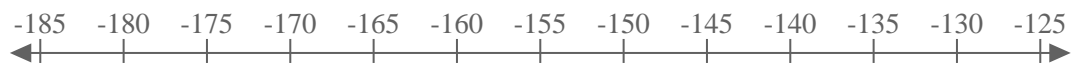
9)  $X \geq -110$



10)  $X \leq 130$



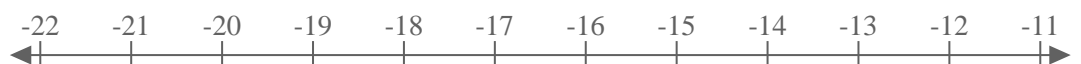
11)  $X < -160$



12)  $X > 17$



13)  $X < -17$



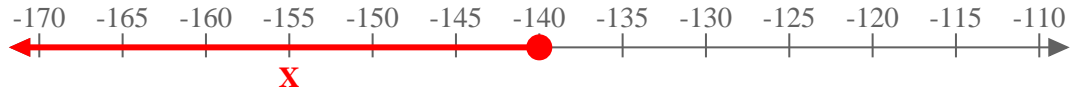


Usa la linea numerata per esprimere le disuguaglianze.

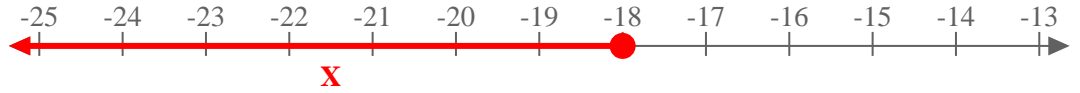
Es)  $X > 3$



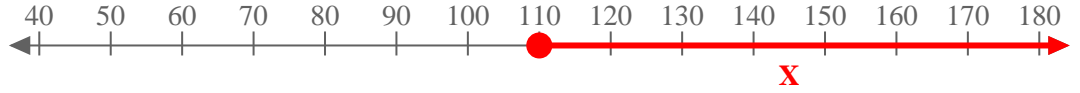
1)  $X \leq -140$



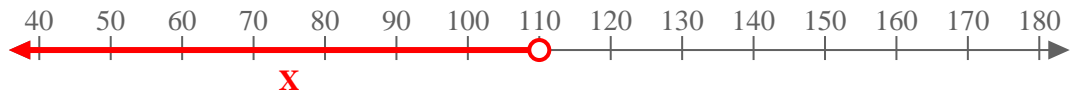
2)  $X \leq -18$



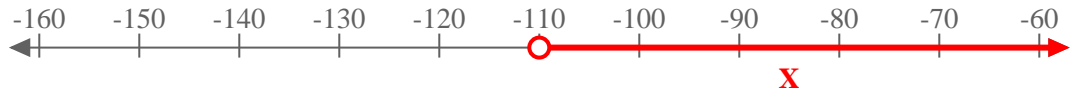
3)  $X \geq 110$



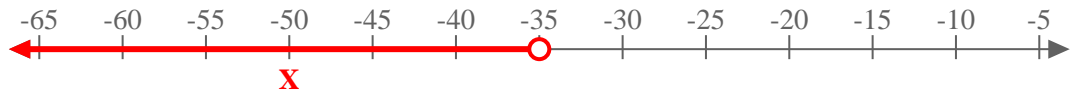
4)  $X < 110$



5)  $X > -110$



6)  $X < -35$



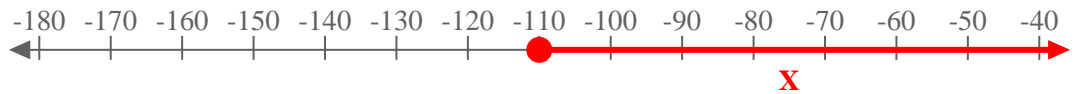
7)  $X < -140$



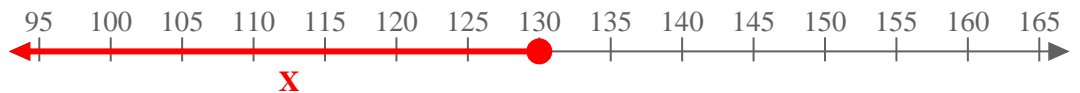
8)  $X < -45$



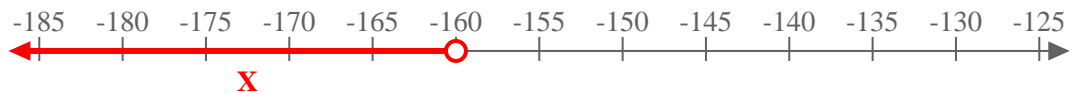
9)  $X \geq -110$



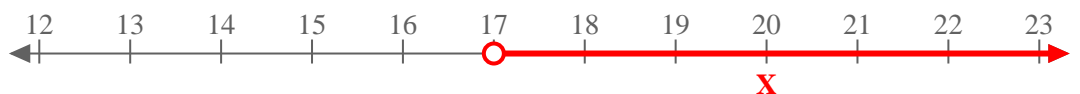
10)  $X \leq 130$



11)  $X < -160$



12)  $X > 17$



13)  $X < -17$

