

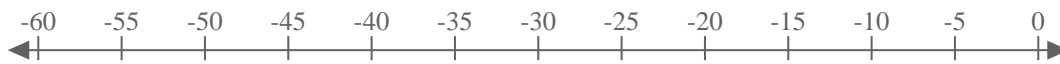


Usa la linea numerata per esprimere le disuguaglianze.

Es) $X \leq -65$



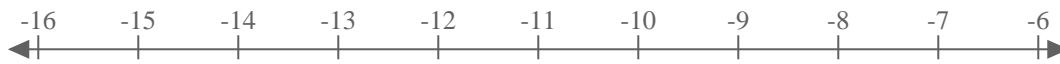
1) $X \geq -30$



2) $X \leq -125$



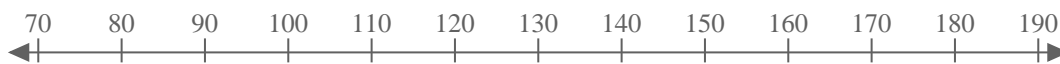
3) $X < -11$



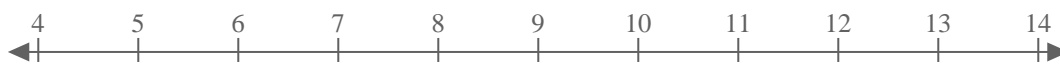
4) $X \leq -6$



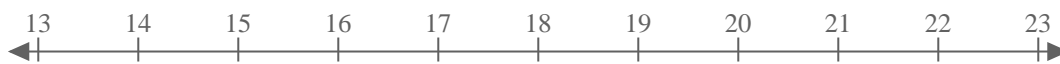
5) $X < 140$



6) $X > 9$



7) $X \leq 18$



8) $X \leq 90$



9) $X > 80$



10) $X < -10$



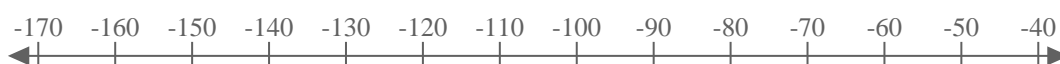
11) $X \leq 10$



12) $X \geq 90$



13) $X \geq -110$



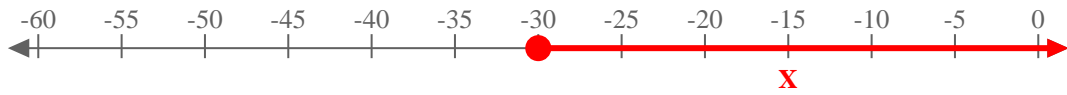


Usa la linea numerata per esprimere le disuguaglianze.

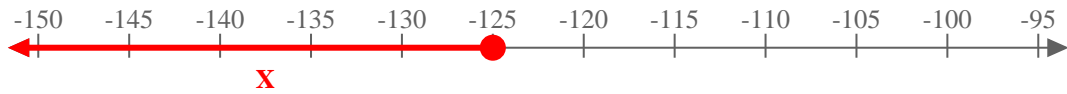
Es) $X \leq -65$



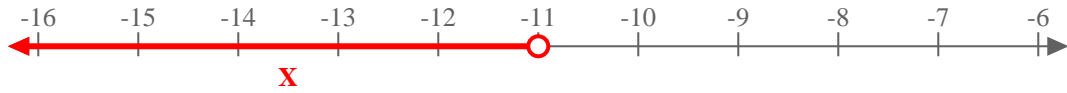
1) $X \geq -30$



2) $X \leq -125$



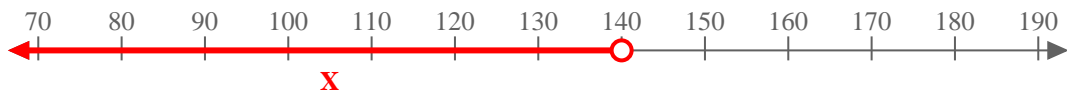
3) $X < -11$



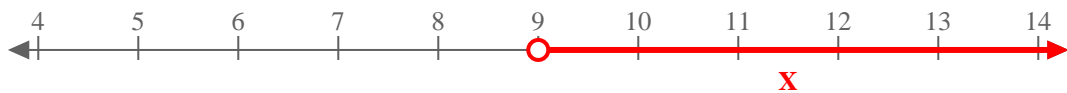
4) $X \leq -6$



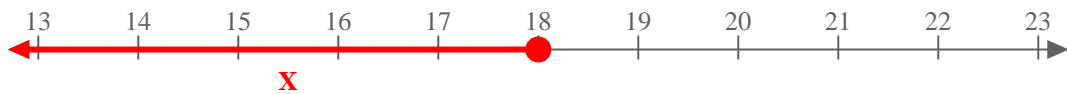
5) $X < 140$



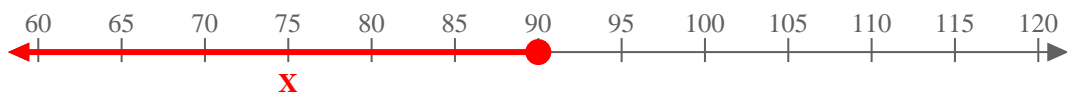
6) $X > 9$



7) $X \leq 18$



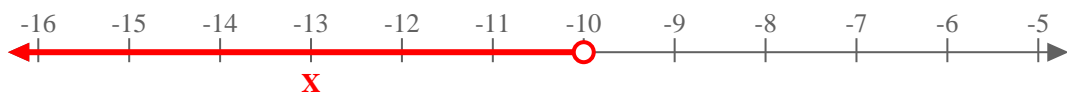
8) $X \leq 90$



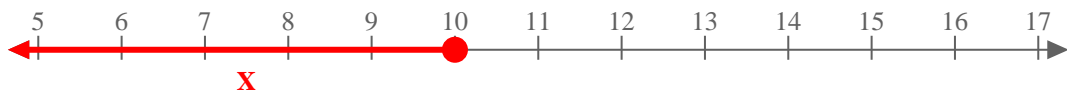
9) $X > 80$



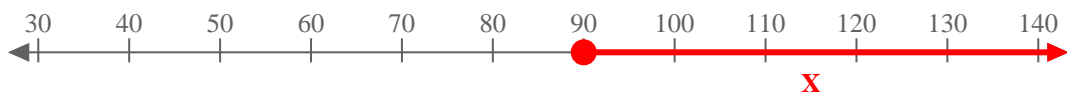
10) $X < -10$



11) $X \leq 10$



12) $X \geq 90$



13) $X \geq -110$

